# Missouri

Agriculture Prevailing Wage Survey



#### Introduction

The 2013 Missouri Prevailing Wage Agriculture Survey was conducted by the Missouri Department of Economic Development's research arm, the Missouri Economic Research and Information Center (MERIC), in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor's Office of Foreign Labor Certification. The purpose of this survey was to gather data to determine the prevailing wage paid to temporary workers in Missouri for different crops or livestock. This data will assist in implementing the federal H-2A Temporary Agricultural Program by determining prevailing wage rates in the agriculture sector and ensuring that both U.S. and foreign workers receive equal pay.

This survey provides wage information for temporary migrant and/or seasonal agriculture workers based on input from agriculture operators across the state.

### About the H-2A Prevailing Wage

For purposes of foreign labor certification, a prevailing wage is defined as the average wage paid to similarly employed workers in the requested occupation in the area of intended employment. Agricultural employers who anticipate a shortage of U.S. workers may file an application requesting temporary foreign agricultural labor certification. In order to establish the prevailing wage rate surveys are conducted for each agricultural crop activity in which certification is sought.

The H-2A program permits agricultural employers to apply for foreign workers (guest workers) to perform farm work of a seasonal or temporary nature. The H-2A program is designed to ensure employers a legal and adequate labor force while protecting the jobs and wages of U.S. workers.

### **Survey Method**

Just over 3,000 agricultural operators in Missouri were sent the voluntary wage survey during March of 2014. Due to the lack of an existing comprehensive database covering agricultural businesses, MERIC created a custom database using the following resources:

- Previous agricultural surveys
- The Census of Employment & Wages (QCEW) database for Quarter 1 of 2013
- Employer data in the MERIC Workforce Information Database (InfoUSA 2013)
- Previous H2A applications

A mail survey was sent to agriculture businesses during the month of March. Each establishment surveyed had the option of returning the completed form in a postal paid envelope or completing it online at a designated internet site. Duplicate records in the data sources had been identified and deleted to ensure that agriculture businesses received only one survey.

#### Disclosure

Due to the Federal Privacy Act, it is prohibited by law from releasing any data which would divulge information that relates to any identifiable person, business or organization without the prior knowledge or written consent of that person, business or organization. Various confidentiality rules are applied to all data that are released or published to prevent the publication or disclosure of any information deemed confidential.

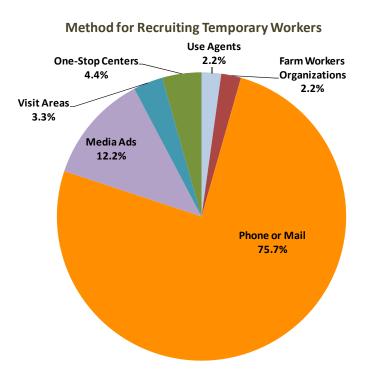
### **Survey Results**

As of the middle of April, MERIC received 496 completed surveys out of the 2,959 questionnaires mailed to agricultural operators in the state. The response rate of completed surveys to mailed surveys is 16.8 percent.

From the completed survey results, 100 agricultural operators reported employing temporary migrant or seasonal farm workers and 3 of those said they participated in the H-2A Prevailing Wage Program.

### **Recruiting Workers**

Missouri farmers report that they recruit their temporary workers in several ways. Seventy-six (75.6%) of the farmers reported they contact former workers by phone or mail to recruit them. Twelve percent (12.2%) recruit by placing ads in newspapers, etc., while four percent (4.4%) reported they recruit by using Missouri One-Stop centers. Three other recruitment methods used are: visiting the areas where workers live, farm worker organizations, and using an agent.



### **Temporary Workers by Crop**

Survey respondents recorded the most temporary workers in the production of bedding plants and nursery plants. Trees, multiple crops, and soybeans round out the top five. Missouri farmers hire temporary workers for over forty different crops and livestock jobs.

	Temporary		Temporary
Crop	Workers	Crop	Workers
<b>Bedding Plants</b>	214	Cattle	37
<b>Nursery Plants</b>	212	Hay	30
Trees	187	Watermelons	24
Multiple Crops	70	Sod	19
Soybeans	53	Wheat	16
Grapes	53	Potatoes	15
Corn, Feed	51	Rice	10
Cotton	50	Pumpkins	10

#### **Salaries Paid**

Most Missouri temporary agriculture workers are paid by the hour for their work. The amount of money the workers are paid depends on the type of crop or livestock they are tending. Below are some of the lowest and highest average hourly rates.

Lowest Rate Per Hour per			
Crop/Livestock			
Irrigation, Crop	\$7.50		
Greenhouse	\$7.73		
Fish	\$7.74		
Poultry	\$8.00		
Apples	\$8.00		
Peaches	\$8.00		

Highest Rate Per Hour per Crop/Livestock		
Rice	\$12.00	
<b>Green Beans</b>	\$12.00	
Sod	\$13.05	
Watermelons	\$14.00	
Silage Harvest	\$15.00	
Swine	\$17.89	

Temporary farm workers are not always paid an hourly salary. The type of crop or livestock and the employer may affect the method that workers are paid. For example, Hay Hauling is paid per bale and Mushrooms are paid per log.

### **Tools and Equipment**

Most agriculture employers (83%) who hire temporary workers provide tools, supplies, and equipment. Sixty percent (61.2%) of employers require that the seasonal workers be able to operate farm equipment.

### Housing

Only twelve employers (12%) who hired temporary laborers provided some type of housing for their workers. Six employers provided housing for single workers. Five provided for both single and family housing. One employer provided family housing only. From those employers who provided housing, only two charged their employees for utilities. One charged for rent and utilities, and none required a security deposit. The remaining nine provided housing at no charge.

## **Transportation**

Since many of the temporary farm workers do not live close to their employer, transportation may be another benefit paid to the employees. From those responding to the survey, six employers reported providing transportation benefits to their workers. Two provided reimbursement for travel costs, two provided airline tickets, one wired money for transportation, and the last provided another kind of transportation benefit.

Crop/Livestock	Number Employed	Average Rate of Pay	Type of Pay
Multiple Crops	70	\$9.61	Per Hour
Apples	6-10	\$8.00	Per Hour
Beans, Green	1	\$12.00	Per Hour
Bedding Plants	214	\$10.31	Per Hour
Berries & Vegetables	2	\$10.00	Per Hour
Blueberries	3	\$9.00	Per Hour
Cattle	37	\$10.38	Per Hour
Cattle, Dairy	5	\$8.00	Per Hour
Chickens	2	\$10.00	Per Hour
Corn	51	\$11.98	Per Hour
Cotton	50	\$8.90	Per Hour
Fertilizer/Chemicals	1	\$10.00	Per Hour
Fescue	2	\$10.00	Per Hour
Fish	1	\$7.74	Per Hour
Grain	7	\$9.57	Per Hour
Grapes	53	\$9.93	Per Hour
Greenhouse	5-6	\$7.73	Per Hour
Hay	26	\$10.12	Per Hour
Hay Hauling	3-5	NR	Per Bale
Horses	1	\$8.50	Per Hour
Irises	1	\$8.00	Per Hour
Irrigation, Crop	1	\$7.50	Per Hour
Labor, General	2	\$9.50	Per Hour
Livestock	5-6	\$11.27	Per Hour
Mushrooms	2	\$0.03	Per Log
Nursery Plants	212	\$8.61	Per Hour
Peaches	1	\$8.00	Per Hour
Peonies	1-3	\$8.25	Per Hour
Potatoes	15	\$10.00	Per Hour
Poultry	2	\$8.00	Per Hour
Pumpkins	10	\$8.00	Per Hour
Rice	10	\$12.00	Per Hour

NR is Not Reported

# Appendix A – Rates of Pay

Crop/Livestock	Number Employed	Average Rate of Pay	Type of Pay
Silage Harvest	4	\$15.00	Per Hour
Sod	19	\$13.05	Per Hour
Soybeans	53	\$11.63	Per Hour
Swine	9	\$17.89	Per Hour
Tomatoes	5	\$9.20	Per Hour
Trees	187	\$10.09	Per Hour
Timber/Logs	4	\$8.75	Per Hour
Vegetables	6	\$8.33	Per Hour
Watermelons	24	\$14.00	Per Hour
Weeding, Crop	3	\$9.00	Per Hour
Wheat	16	\$10.44	Per Hour
Other	4	\$11.50	Per Hour

Dear Crop Grower/Livestock Handler:

The Missouri Economic Research and Information Center (MERIC) is gathering data to determine the agricultural prevailing wage in Missouri.\*\* Prevailing wage rates are used to ensure that farm workers receive equal pay. Completion of the attached survey will ensure the establishment of an accurate wage rate.

The information you supply is **confidential** and protected by the **Federal Privacy Act**. All information will be combined with that of other growers/handlers within Missouri to ensure individually identifiable information is not released. The survey answers should be based on your harvest or production season. If you are not within your harvest/production season, the survey should be completed based upon the last year's season.

Please return the completed survey within 14 days using the self-addressed stamped envelope enclosed. If you would like to complete this survey online, please log on to our website at: <a href="http://www.missourieconomy.org/form.html">http://www.missourieconomy.org/form.html</a>. For assistance or additional information about this survey, please contact Darla Horman, MERIC Prevailing Wage Project Contact, at darla.horman@ded.mo.gov or 573-751-8634.

Thank you for your participation.

Sincerely,

Alan Spell, MERIC Research Manager

<sup>\*\*</sup>MERIC is the research unit for the Missouri Department of Economic Development. This survey is conducted in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Division of Foreign Labor Certification.

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MISSOURI ECONOMIC RESEARCH AND INFORMATION CENTER MISSOURI DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

